

Are Our Children Learning?

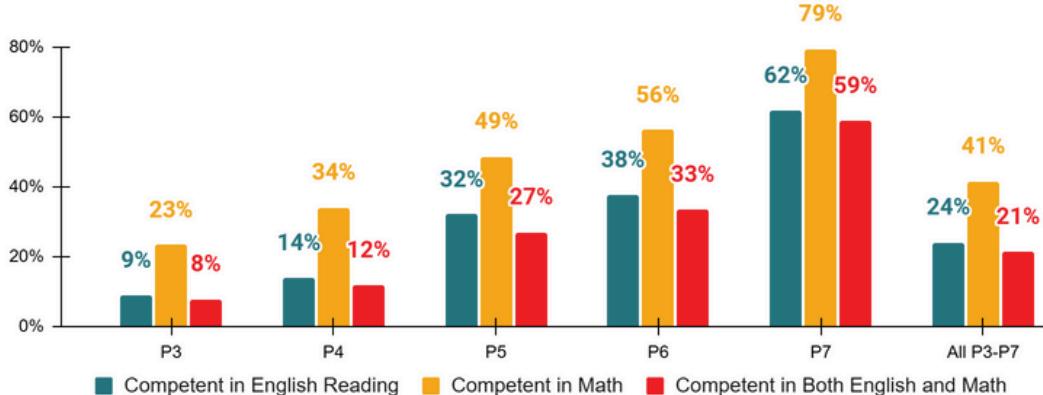
2024 Bundibugyo District Report Card

In August 2024, Uwezo Uganda's citizen surveyors assessed 807 children ages 4+ from 295 households in Bundibugyo on basic English literacy and numeracy skills.

Uwezo also visited 11 schools in the district.

1. How well can children read and count, by grade, in Bundibugyo?

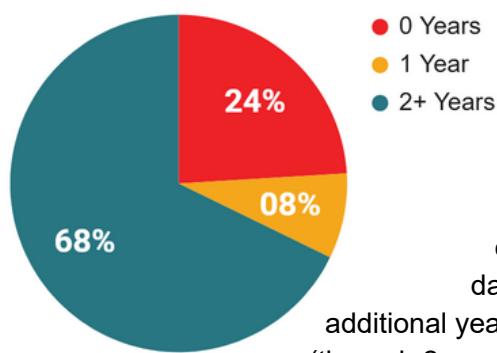
Percentage of Children Reaching Primary 2 Proficiency, by Grade



In Bundibugyo, a majority of children in Primary 3 were not able to do Primary 2 work. Even by the end of the primary cycle, a significant minority of children were unable to do Primary 2 reading. Differences by gender were very minor.

Primary 2 proficiency is the ability to read with comprehension and do all four arithmetic functions (+ - x ÷).

2. How many primary school children in Bundibugyo have attended pre-primary?



Across Uganda, our assessment data show that an additional year of pre-primary (through 2+ years) increases a learner's likelihood of achieving math and reading proficiency. In Bundibugyo, most children have attended two or more years of pre-primary school.

3. How many primary school children in Bundibugyo appear to continue to the next grade?

Continuing primary school study is crucial for a child's learning. Though Uganda has an automatic promotion policy, some children did not appear to continue to the next grade.

15%

of learners did not continue to the next grade



4. How many learners per teacher?



Low pupil:teacher ratios are key for children's learning. The average pupil:teacher ratio in schools visited in Bundibugyo was 56:1, higher than the national target, and the largest was 143:1

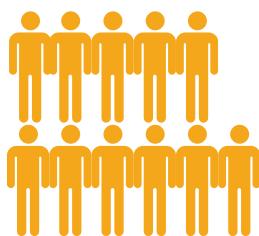
5. Are teachers present at school?

Present teachers are a crucial ingredient for learner success. When teachers are absent, children receive less instructional time, negatively affecting their learning.

43% of teachers were absent on the day of the survey, on average

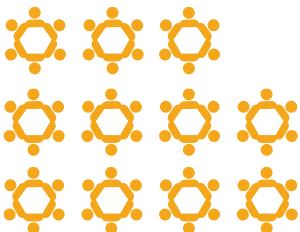


6. Are women involved in school governance?



0
out of 11
school leaders
were female

In Bundibugyo, the gender imbalance in school leadership was clear, with 0 out of 11 school leaders (head teacher, deputy head teacher, or teacher left in charge on the day of the survey) being female. The gender imbalance was similar amongst School Management Committee (SMC) leadership, where no SMCs in surveyed schools had a female chairperson.



0
out of 11 SMCs surveyed
in Bundibugyo had
female chairpersons



3
out of 10 SMC
members were female,
on average

This report card was produced by Uwezo Uganda in October 2025.

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