

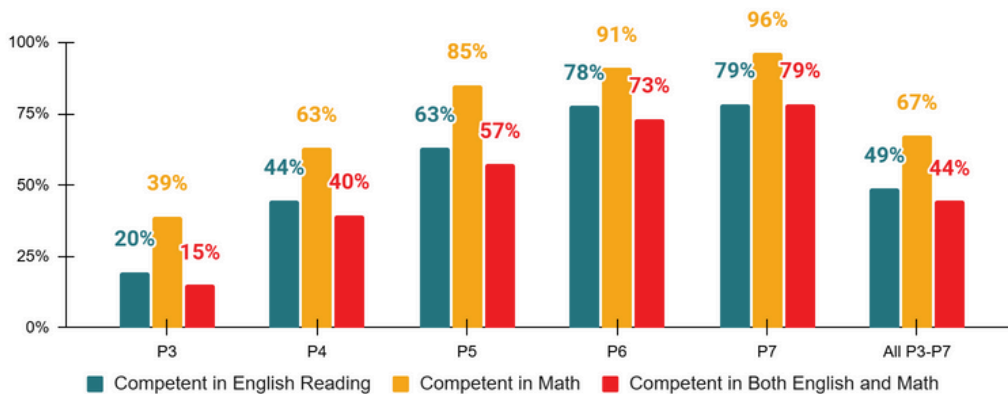
# Are Our Children Learning?

## 2024 Mpigi District Report Card

In August 2024, Uwezo Uganda's citizen surveyors assessed 747 children ages 4+ from 294 households in Mpigi on basic English literacy and numeracy skills. Uwezo also visited 14 schools in the district.

### 1. How well can children read and count, by grade, in Mpigi?

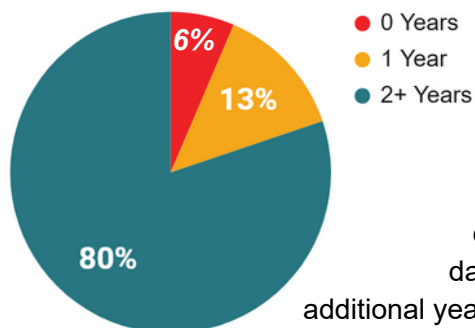
Percent of Children Reaching Primary 2 Proficiency, by Grade



In Mpigi, a majority of children in Primary 3 were not able to do Primary 2 work. Even by the end of the primary cycle, a significant minority of children were unable to do Primary 2 reading. Differences by gender were very minor.

Primary 2 proficiency is the ability to read with comprehension and do all four arithmetic functions (+ - x ÷).

### 2. How many primary school children in Mpigi have attended pre-primary?



Across Uganda, our assessment data show that an additional year of pre-primary (through 2+ years) increases a learner's likelihood of achieving math and reading proficiency. In Mpigi, most children have attended two or more years of pre-primary school.

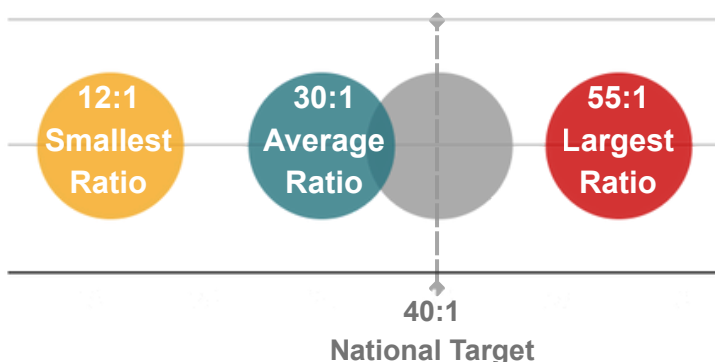
### 3. How many primary school children in Mpigi appear to continue to the next grade?

Continuing primary school study is crucial for a child's learning. Aligned with Uganda's automatic promotion policy, only a small percentage of children did not appear to continue to the next grade.

**5%** of learners did not continue to the next grade



#### 4. How many learners per teacher?



Low pupil:teacher ratios are key for children's learning. The average pupil:teacher ratio in schools visited in Mpigi was 30:1, lower than the national target, though the largest was 55:1

#### 5. Are teachers present at school?

Present teachers are a crucial ingredient for learner success. When teachers are absent, children receive less instructional time, negatively affecting their learning.

**13%** of teachers were absent on the day of the survey, on average



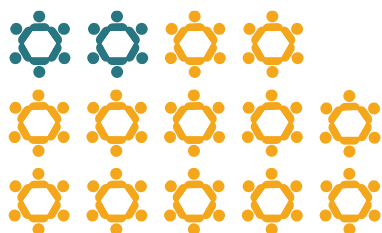
#### 6. Are women involved in school governance?



**5**

out of 14 school leaders were female

In Mpigi, there was a gender imbalance in school leadership, with 5 out of 14 school leaders (head teacher, deputy head teacher, or teacher left in charge on the day of the survey) being female. The gender imbalance was greater amongst School Management Committee (SMC) leadership.



**2**

out of 14 SMCs surveyed in Mpigi had female chairpersons



**4**

out of 10 SMC members were female, on average

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